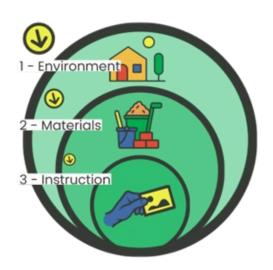
ADAPTATIONS

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Every child is different, and these are only suggested adaptations. Do what works best for the child's therapist can give you more ideas.

Are you interested in helping your child learn about STEM? Are you looking for ways to help your child participate in STEM?

Use this guide to adapt activities for your child. Every child is different, and these are only suggestions. Do what works best for your young child or children you are working with. You might also work with the child's speech or occupational therapist to adapt activities.



INCLUSION FRAMEWORK

The inclusion framework is informed by evidence-based inclusive practices (e.g., Milbourne & Campbell, 2007; DEC, 2014) and helps adults support all children in STEM.

ADAPTATIONS FRAMEWORK

Adaptations to the environment and materials align with the Division for Early Childhood (DEC) Recommended Practices on environment while instructional adaptations align with the Recommended Practices on instruction.

1. ENVIRONMENT - Environmental, activity, and/or routine adaptations are broad changes and/or accommodations in the setting and/or activity that support learning for all children (e.g., room set-up, equipment, how an activity is done, length of time).



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ADAPTATIONS FRAMEWORK (CONTINUED)

- 2. MATERIALS Materials adaptations are changes and/or accommodations to materials that support full participation in learning for all children(e.g., adaptations to toys, materials, assistive technology devices).
- 3. INSTRUCTION Instructional adaptations are changes and/or accommodations to the instruction or teaching that support full participation in learning for all children (e.g., add information, reduce steps).

The parameters of the framework are that:

- 1) adaptations are not disability-specific,
- 2) adaptations can be used across all settings and be embedded in children's everyday routines and activities, and
- 3) adults should start with children's interests and preferences, and work to maximize children's strengths to promote positive and active learning experiences.

ADAPTATIONS

Adaptations are practices adults can use (e.g., family members, practitioners) to Support STEM learning and experiences in routines and environments. Specifically, they are changes to the environment, materials, and/or instruction that support child engagement and learning (Campbell, Milbourne, & Kennedy, 2012).

ENVIRONMENT

- Area & Space
- ▶ Within Reach

MATERIALS

- Assistive Technology
- ► <u>Grasping Supports</u>
- ► <u>Variety of Materials</u>
- ► <u>Visual Supports</u>

INSTRUCTION

- Communication Supports
- Visual Cues
- Visual Schedules
- **►** <u>Teaching Practices</u>



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ENVIRONMENT:

Area & Space: Arrange the environment and/or materials to meet the activity needs





Add rails to stools Image credit: CONNECT Module



Tape placemats for mealtime routines Image credit: CONNECT Module



Arrange the room to allow for in/out and turning for wheelchairs and walkers (at least 3 ft width)

Image credit: Creative Commons







Cover materials not needed for an activity

Image credit: Creative Commons

Use sturdy modified seating and standing options so that all children are on the same level (e.g., stander at water table, floor-level support seat for group time, cube chair, chair with bumpers) Image credits: CONNECT Module 1, 2009, Feeding Littles



Limit background noise & distractions (have a auiet area)

lmaae credit. Creative Commons



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ENVIRONMENT:

Within Reach: Arrange materials in the space for easier access





Make items longer so that children can reach (i.e., extend faucet handle with pliers or tubing)

Image credit CONNECT Module 1, 2009



Place toys and materials at eye level in open containers with labels

Image credit: Parma Preschool



Use low, open shelves and tables that are at comfortable heights

Image credit: Creative Commons





Use trays, cookie sheets, or short bins for manipulatives, games, and/or puzzles Image credit. Creative Commons, BRIDGES Activities, 2021



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MATERIALS:

Assistive Technology: Use of "any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities" (Sandall et al., 2005)





Use big button switch to make an object do something specific (e.g., make gears spin on a toy, turn on a radio)

Image credit. CONNECT Module 1, 2009



Use technology (e.g., toys/computers with switches, powered wheelchairs)

Image credit: Creative Commons



Use voice output to 'say' a simple phrase like 'more, please'



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MATERIALS:

Grasping Supports: Add additional material(s) to an object to make it easier to grasp, lift, or turn







Add a Styrofoam ball to pencils, crayons, and or paintbrushes for easier grasping or use wide handles

Image credit: Pinterest, BLICK Art Supplies





Add grip tape or silicone bands to handles or use wide utensils for easier grasping

Image credit. Creative Commons, EazyHold Store





Add page fluffers to book pages for easier turning (Refer to <u>A How-To Guide</u> <u>for Book Adaptations</u> and/or <u>A Guide to Book Adaptations</u> for more information & ideas)

Image Credit: Paths to Literacy, 2018



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MATERIALS:

Grasping Supports: Add additional material(s) to an object to make it easier to grasp, lift, or turn (continued)





Use cups with handles Image credit. Creative Commons



Use deep bowls/plates for easier scooping

Image credit: Creative Commons

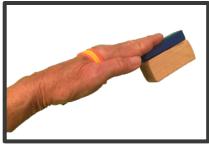


Glue empty thread spools, knobs, or tplumbing pipes to blocks and/or puzzles pieces for easier grasping Image credit: Simmons-Martinez, 2007



Image credit: Creative Commons

Use non-skid mats (i.e., Velcro, rubber shelf liners) to keep toys and materials in place and within reach



Add Velcro or magnets to toys and materials and use a Velcro wrist band or a magnet grasper to make it easier to pick up materials and toys

Image credit: Creative Commons, BRIDGES Activities, 2021



Use alternative materials (e.g., soft, squeezable) to support grasping Image credit. Creative Commons



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MATERIALS:

Variety of Materials: Provide a variety of materials of different sizes, shapes, colors, and/or textures to increase interest and access





Use materials or toys that stack or interlock easily (magnetic tiles, bristle blocks) Image credit. Creative

Commons



Use alternative materials to support grasping (e.g., soft, squeezable; visit **Grasping Supports** for more examples) Image credit. Creative Commons



Use high contrast materials (e.g., puzzles, shapes) for visual discrimination Image credit: Creative Commons



Create prop/story boxes (e.g., items/objects related to the books or theme) for books to increase engagement and understanding Image Credit. Paths to Literacy, 2018



Use materials or toys that are a mix of different sizes, colors and/or textures Image credit: Creative Commons



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INSTRUCTION:

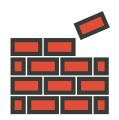
Communication Supports: Use a variety of communication types (e.g., sign language, gestures) so all children can engage





Support use of a communication book

Image credit. Creative Commons



Build vocabulary by using and defining words (e.g., you chose a red block; you put that on top)



Support use of communication devices (visit Assistive Technology

for more examples)
Image credit. Creative
Commons



Describe children's actions (e.g., counting, building, waterplay)



Use First/Then board or a choice board Image credit. CONNECT Module 1, 2009



Repeat and build upon interactions, activities, and children's words



Use sign language and/or gestures with spoken words Image credit: Creative Commons



Speak slowly and clearly and make sure the child can see you during activities and songs



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Answer your child's questions. If you do not know the answer, work together with your child to discover the answer.



Encourage your child to participate in the activity as much as possible. Praise your child's efforts and successes.





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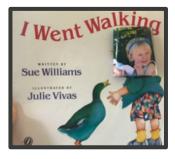
MATERIALS:

Visual Supports: Add to and/or visually modify an object or material to increase interest

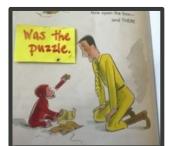




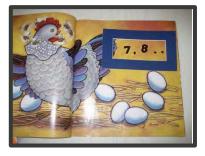




Add child's name and/or picture of the child Image credit: A How-To **Guide for Book Adaptations**



Simplify book text Image credit: A How-To **Guide for Book Adaptations**



Add colored borders to point something out Image credit: Infopeople

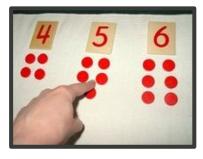


Create prop/story boxes (e.g., items/objects related to the books or theme) for books to increase engagement and understanding Image Credit: Paths to Literacy, 2018



Add tactile outlines to book pictures Image credit: PACER Simons Center on

Technology



Use concrete objects or visuals in activities (e.g., a number chart or small objects a child and/or teacher can point to while counting



Create picture cards of key words/ideas for books

Image credit: CONNECT Module 1, 2009

Image credit: Creative Commons



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INSTRUCTION:

Visual Cues: Use pictures and/or icons to signal next steps





Use prompt cards (e.g., pictures of activities and centers)

Image credit: Creative Commons





Use First/Then board Image credit: Creative Commons



routines & activities Image credit. Creative Commons

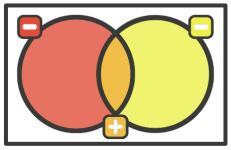


Use a choice board Image credit: Creative Commons



Use concrete objects to represent schedule (Refer to **Visual** Schedules)

Image credit. SimplifyTheChaos.com



Add a graphic organizer to aid comprehension Image credit: STEMIE



Use visuals that clearly illustrate the activity

Image credit. Creative Commons



Follow your child's lead and

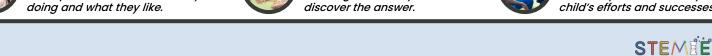
interests. Enthusiastically ask your

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INSTRUCTION:

Visual Schedules: Use a picture and/or icon list with words for transitions and routines to provide structure and routine





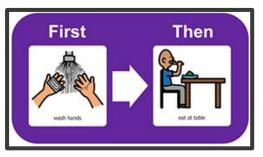
Create a visual schedule with predictable daily routines & activities

Image credit: Creative Commons



Create a class schedule

Image credit: Creative Commons



Use a First/Then board (refer to **Visual Cues**)

Image credit. Creative Commons



Break down tasks into smaller steps

Image credit: Creative Commons



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INSTRUCTION:

Teaching Strategy: Used by adults or other children to help a child participate in everyday experiences, and activities.



Some young children may require additional instructional support, such as teaching strategies/practices, from adults and/or peers to successfully engage in STEM learning. For more information about teaching practices listed below, refer to <u>A</u> <u>Guide to Teaching Practices</u>.

- Allow time for child response
- Support and encourage children
- Give reinforcement
- Limit the number of children in an activity
- Model exploration and play
- Modify an activity (shorten, extend, break into steps, add movement)
- Pair children together
- Provide prompts (visual cues, hand-over-hand/physical, gestural, model, verbal, scaffold)
- Take turns with children
- Use descriptive talking/verbal guidance
- Wait for children to initiate interactions and activities and follow their lead and interests



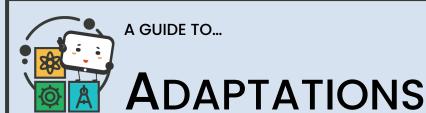
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